

TABLE I. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected* infrequently reported notifiable diseases (<1,000 cases reported during the preceding year) — United States, week ending August 1, 2015 (30th week)[†] (Export data)

Disease	Current week	Cum 2015	5-year weekly average [§]	Total cases reported for previous years					States reporting cases during current week (No.)
				2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	
Viral hemorrhagic fevers ^{††,****}	—	—	—	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	—
Crimean-Congo hemorrhagic fever	—	—	—	6	NP	NP	NP	NP	—
Ebola hemorrhagic fever	—	—	—	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	—
Guanarito hemorrhagic fever	—	—	—	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	—
Junin hemorrhagic fever	—	—	—	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	—
Lassa fever	—	—	—	1	NP	NP	NP	NP	—
Lujo virus	—	—	—	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	—
Machupo hemorrhagic fever	—	—	—	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	—
Marburg fever	—	—	—	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	—
Sabia-associated hemorrhagic fever	—	—	—	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	—
Yellow fever	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

—: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. NP: Nationally notifiable but not published. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts.

* Three low incidence conditions, rubella, rubella congenital, and tetanus, have been moved to Table II to facilitate case count verification with reporting jurisdictions.

† Case counts for reporting years 2014 and 2015 are provisional and subject to change. For further information on interpretation of these data, see <http://www.cdc.gov/nnndss/document/ProvisionalNationalNotifiableDiseasesSurveillanceData20100927.pdf>.

§ Calculated by summing the incidence counts for the current week, the 2 weeks preceding the current week, and the 2 weeks following the current week, for a total of 5 preceding years. Additional information is available at <http://www.cdc.gov/nnndss/document/5yearweeklyaverage.pdf>.

¶ Data for the Arboviral disease, Chikungunya, and Hantavirus infection disease, non-Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome (HPS), will be displayed in this table after the CDC obtains Office of Management and Budget Paperwork Reduction Act approval to receive data for these conditions.

** Includes both neuroinvasive and nonneuroinvasive. Updated weekly reports from the Division of Vector-Borne Diseases, National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases (ArboNET Surveillance). Data for West Nile virus are available in Table II.

†† Not reportable in all states. Data from states where the condition is not reportable are excluded from this table except starting in 2007 for the arboviral diseases, STD data, TB data, and influenza-associated pediatric mortality, and in 2003 for SARS-CoV. Reporting exceptions are available at <http://www.cdc.gov/nnndss/downloads.html>.

§§ Data for *H. influenzae* (all ages, all serotypes) are available in Table II.

¶¶ Updated weekly from reports to the Influenza Division, National Center for Immunization and Respiratory Diseases. Since September 28, 2014, 144 influenza-associated pediatric deaths occurring during the 2014–15 influenza season have been reported.

*** No measles cases were reported for the current week.

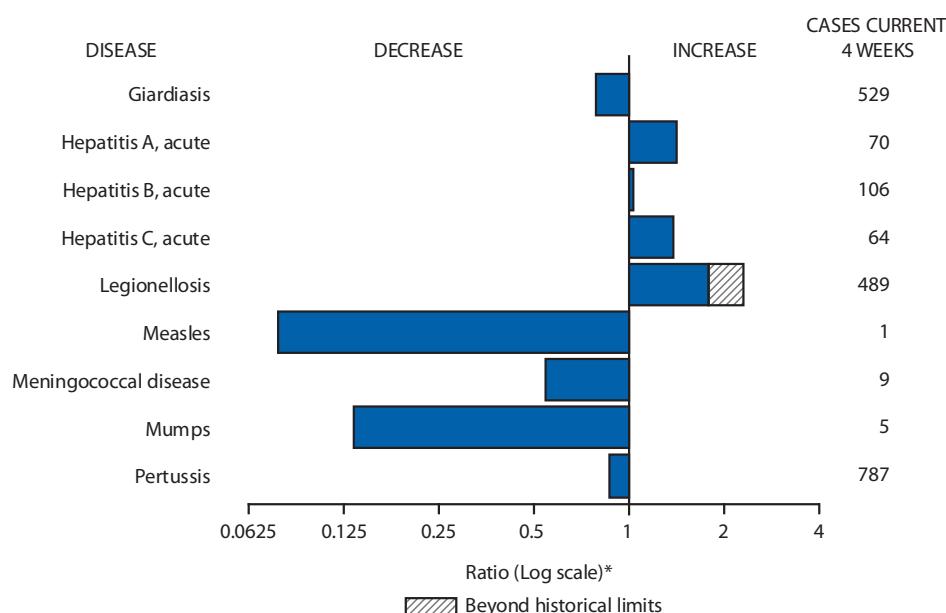
††† Data for meningococcal disease (all serogroups) are available in Table II.

§§§ All cases of novel influenza A virus infection reported to CDC since 2010 have been variant viruses. Influenza viruses that circulate in swine are called swine influenza viruses when isolated from swine, but are called variant viruses when isolated from humans. Variant influenza viruses are different from the influenza A (H1N1)pdm09 virus. Total case counts are provided by the Influenza Division, National Center for Immunization and Respiratory Diseases (NCIRD).

¶¶¶ Updated weekly from reports to the Division of STD Prevention, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention.

**** Prior to 2015, CDC's National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System (NNDSS) did not receive electronic data about incident cases of specific viral hemorrhagic fevers; instead data were collected in aggregate as "viral hemorrhagic fevers". Beginning in 2015, NNDSS has been updated to receive data for each of the viral hemorrhagic fevers listed below. There were no cases of viral hemorrhagic fever reported during the current week. In addition to the four cases of Ebola diagnosed in the United States to date in 2014, six residents of the United States have been medically evacuated to the United States for care after developing Ebola in West Africa. Ten of the 11 VHF cases reported for 2014 are confirmed as Ebola and one as Lassa fever.

FIGURE I. Selected notifiable disease reports, United States, comparison of provisional 4-week totals August 1, 2015, with historical data



* Ratio of current 4-week total to mean of 15 4-week totals (from previous, comparable, and subsequent 4-week periods for the past 5 years). The point where the hatched area begins is based on the mean and two standard deviations of these 4-week totals.

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Data presented by the Notifiable Disease Data Team and 122 Cities Mortality Data Team in the weekly MMWR are provisional, based on weekly reports to CDC by state health departments. Readers who have difficulty accessing this PDF file may access the HTML file at <http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm6430md.htm>. Address all inquiries about the MMWR Series, including material to be considered for publication, to Editor, MMWR Series, Mailstop E-90, CDC, 1600 Clifton Rd., N.E., Atlanta, GA 30329-4027 or to mmwraq@cdc.gov.

